UNITE	D S	<b>TATES</b>	DIST	ric	T	COU	JRT
FOR	THE	DIST	RICT	OF	ΑF	RIZC	NA

BEFORE: THE HONORABLE MICHAEL T. MORRISSEY, JUDGE

## REPORTER'S TRANSCRIPT OF PROCEEDINGS DETENTION HEARING

Official Court Reporter:
Charlotte A. Powers, RMR, FCRR, CCR, CMRS
Sandra Day O'Connor U.S. Courthouse, Suite 312
401 West Washington Street, Spc. 40
Phoenix, Arizona 85003-2151
(602) 322-7250

Proceedings Reported by Stenographic Court Reporter Transcript Prepared by Computer-Aided Transcription

1	APPEARANCES
2	
3	For the Government:
4	U.S. Attorney's Office By: TODD M. ALLISON, ESQ.
5	DAVID A. PIMSNER, ESQ. DIMITRA HOTIS SAMPSON, ESQ.
6	40 North Central Avenue, Suite 1200 Phoenix, AZ 85004
7	For the Defendant Ali Yousif Ahmed Al-Nouri:
8	Federal Public Defender's Office
9	By: JAMI SUZANNE JOHNSON, ESQ.
10	850 W. Adams Street, Suite 201 Phoenix, AZ 85007
11	
12	ALSO PRESENT: Interpreter Mohammed Abedalaziz
13	Interpreter Souzan Elsayed
14	
15	
16	
17	
18	
19	
20	
21	
22	
23	
24	
25	

1		INDEX		
2				
3	SUMMARY OF COURT PROCEE	PAGE:		
4	Closing argument by Defense			30
5				
6				
7	IN	DEX OF SPEAKERS	<u>s</u>	
8 9	SPEAKERS ON BEHALF OF THE DEFENDANT:	Statement	Questions by	Government
10	ZIAAD ISMAEL MUSTAFA	6	10	
11	TANLER KLEMSTINE	16	19	
12	YOUKHANNA KHANINIA	20		
13	AHMED ALASSAFI	25	29	
14				
15				
16				
17	<u> 1</u>	NDEX OF EXHIBIT	rs	
18				
19	EXHIBIT NO.: DESC	RIPTION:		RECEIVED:
20				
21				
22				
23	* * * * * No	Exhibits Marked	* * * * *	
24				
25				

## 1 PROCEEDINGS (Court is called to order.) 2 (Defendant appearing via videoconference; all other parties 3 4 appearing in person in the courtroom.) 5 (Proceedings resume at 2:16 p.m.) THE COURT: Please be seated. 6 7 (Pause in proceedings.) 8 THE COURT: So as an initial matter, we entered an 9 order stating that members of the public could call in on a 10 public line. Apparently we're having trouble with that public 11 line, so my apologies to the parties. But I think the right 12 thing to do is wait a few more minutes, and then see if we can 13 get that up and running. And so we're not going to start now. 14 We'll start in about five minutes. 15 (Pause in proceedings.) COURTROOM DEPUTY: Case number 20-08033MMJ, United 16 17 States of America versus Ali Yousif Ahmed Al-Nouri, set before 18 the Court for detention hearing. 19 MR. ALLISON: Good afternoon, Your Honor. 20 Todd Allison, Dave Pimsner, and Dimitra Sampson for 21 the United States. 22 THE COURT: Good afternoon to all of you. 23 MS. JOHNSON: Good afternoon, Your Honor. 24 Jami Johnson on behalf of Ali Yousif Ahmed Al-Nouri, 25 who is present via videoconference from the jail.

1 THE INTERPRETER: Excuse me, sir. I couldn't hear 2 her. 3 MS. JOHNSON: I apologize. I apparently wasn't close 4 enough to the microphone. 5 Jami Johnson for Ali Yousif Ahmed Al-Nouri, who is 6 present via video link with the jail, and being assisted by an 7 Arabic interpreter. 8 THE COURT: Thank you. And good afternoon to counsel 9 and to Mr. Al-Nouri. 10 As an initial matter, if it assists the parties, you 11 don't need to stand to speak because what's actually more 12 important is that you be close to the microphones and that the 13 interpreter be able to pick up what you're saying. 14 Also, we are using consecutive translation today, 15 which means that all of us, including myself, should try to 16 speak in shorter verse so that the interpreter can interpret 17 that for all the parties. 18 For the parties, I had a note from a previous 19 conference call that we had, that either applied to this 20 hearing or the extradition hearing that we're going to set, 21 which talked about going out of order and having the defense go 22 Is that for today for the detention hearing? 23 MS. JOHNSON: Yes, Your Honor. 24 Yes. MR. ALLISON: Yes, sir.

Then Ms. Johnson, are you prepared to

THE COURT:

25

1 proceed? 2 MS. JOHNSON: Yes, we are. 3 With the Court's permission, I first would like to 4 call our character witness speakers. 5 I would like to note, in addition to the presence of 6 our speakers, the presence of numerous individuals from the 7 community, many of whom submitted letters in this case, who 8 have come in support of Mr. Ahmed. And as well as Mr. Ahmed's wife, Nora, who submitted a letter that the Court read. 9 10 Our first speaker is Ziaad Ismael Mustafa. 11 MR. ALLISON: Your Honor, the -- the government would 12 ask that the witnesses be sworn in so we can ask them questions 13 under oath in response. THE COURT: That's fine. 14 15 (ZIAAD ISMAEL MUSTAFA is sworn.) 16 ZIAAD ISMAEL MUSTAFA: This Ziaad Mustafa from Iraq. 17 I live in Texas, Fort Worth. I live Texas. I was born in Iraq 18 in the same city with Ali Al-Nouri, the same village. 19 THE COURT: Mr. Mustafa, could you make sure you speak 20 up and that you lean far into the microphone? 21 ZIAAD ISMAEL MUSTAFA: Okay. So -- (speaking Arabic). 22 THE INTERPRETER: The witness is asking if he can 23 speak Arabic. 24 Can you speak in English? 25 ZIAAD ISMAEL MUSTAFA: Yeah, I can, but just to make

1 sure everything is right. 2 THE COURT: Well, that's why we have an interpreter. Let's go ahead and speak in English, and then he will interpret 3 4 your responses. 5 ZIAAD ISMAEL MUSTAFA: Okay. This is Ziaad Mustafa 6 from Iraq. I live in Texas. Fort Worth, Texas. 7 I know Ali Nouri the same -- he's my neighbor. And I know him when we kids. He's very good guy. I know his --8 9 THE INTERPRETER: Wait. 10 ZIAAD ISMAEL MUSTAFA: Sorry. 11 (Awaiting interpretation.) 12 ZIAAD ISMAEL MUSTAFA: Yes. He's brothers, very close 13 to me, you know, and right there is culture. The culture is like you can know about the neighbor and eat together, and he's 14 15 very friend to me. And I see him in Syria last time -- not 16 last time, in Syria. 17 THE INTERPRETER: Excuse me. Excuse me. 18 ZIAAD ISMAEL MUSTAFA: After that -- sorry. 19 (Awaiting interpretation.) 20 ZIAAD ISMAEL MUSTAFA: Yes. I'm truck driver, so I have route between Texas to Arizona. So before when he go to 21 22 the jail, like one week, I come to him, visit him -- actually, 23 he come to truck stop and he pick up me and my friend. And he, 24 you know, we do, like, all the day. He make dinner and drink

and, you know, like fun time.

25

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

```
And one more thing about the -- about the people.
Like, because I know them right there. It's my city. So if
someone kill someone -- like, example, the other guy, he going
to kill the brothers or dad, whatever. They didn't, you know,
like even four years, they didn't, you know, like -- but this
people, they live together with the family Ali. And nothing.
I didn't hear anything. Because if something happened, I know,
because my family is still there in Fallujah.
         THE INTERPRETER:
                           Stop, please.
         ZIAAD ISMAEL MUSTAFA: Sorry.
         (Awaiting interpretation.)
         ZIAAD ISMAEL MUSTAFA: Excuse me. No four years.
didn't say four years.
         (Interpreter converses with Mr. Mustafa.)
         ZIAAD ISMAEL MUSTAFA: What do you mean; Fallujah, or
where? I'm talking about the -- okay. So --
         THE COURT: Mr. Mustafa --
         ZIAAD ISMAEL MUSTAFA: Yes, sir.
         THE COURT:
                     If you have any question about the
interpretation, refer to me and we will discuss it, and that
way the court reporter can take everything down.
         ZIAAD ISMAEL MUSTAFA: Okay.
         THE COURT:
                     There really can't be side conversations.
         ZIAAD ISMAEL MUSTAFA: Sorry.
         (Awaiting interpretation.)
```

ZIAAD ISMAEL MUSTAFA: Can I repeat?

THE COURT: Yes.

TIAAD ISMAEL MUSTAFA: Okay. These people, you know, they said Ali kill them or something like that. If he do that, I -- I can hear, you know, like, my city, because I know all the people. I'm barber, you know, barber right there. So I know all this almost. If something happened like that -- so this people, they go to -- sorry -- kill the brother, Ali brothers or dad or, you know. But that didn't happen. So...

(Awaiting interpretation.)

when we visit Ali, and we drive, and some traffic light, traffic light, and we see -- he saw some stuff in the street, and he stop. I swear. He stop. And I tell him, what's going on? And he go to take all the stuff, because it's like 10 years -- actually, it's nine years I didn't see Ali. So he -- he very nice, you know. Like he take all the stuff on the street -- from the street, and he come back, and drive. But it's traffic, you know. Slow.

And I hear about his brother. And he always help people. Believe me. He help people. And he sometime give some money for nothing. That's what I know him, because I swear, you know. And --

(Awaiting interpretation.)

ZIAAD ISMAEL MUSTAFA: He give money for nothing, like

```
1
      he help. That's what I know.
2
               THE INTERPRETER: Interpreter asks, he give you what?
3
      You said he give you...
 4
               ZIAAD ISMAEL MUSTAFA: Oh, he just, you know, like,
5
      give people, like, a friend, you know, like help, like.
 6
               THE INTERPRETER: He always known of helping people.
7
               ZIAAD ISMAEL MUSTAFA: Even -- even my country, city.
8
      Because I'm swear, you know. I have to say true.
 9
               THE COURT: Thank you.
10
               ZIAAD ISMAEL MUSTAFA: I'm sorry I'm talking.
11
               That's it.
12
               MR. PIMSNER: Your Honor, I have a few questions, if I
13
      may.
14
               THE COURT: Certainly.
15
               MR. PIMSNER: Sir, you live in Fallujah in Iraq?
16
               ZIAAD ISMAEL MUSTAFA: Yes.
17
               MR. PIMSNER: And if I understood what you said, you
18
      were primarily friends with his older brother; correct?
19
               ZIAAD ISMAEL MUSTAFA: Yes.
20
               MR. PIMSNER: Do you know Mr. Ahmed's other siblings?
21
               THE INTERPRETER: Interpreter ask to repeat the name,
22
      please.
23
               MR. PIMSNER: Do you know Mr. Ahmed's other siblings?
24
               ZIAAD ISMAEL MUSTAFA: Ahmed or Ali?
25
               MR. PIMSNER: Ali's.
```

```
1
               ZIAAD ISMAEL MUSTAFA: Number one, the old one,
2
      Ahmed -- Ahmed Mohammed. Yes, he. The young -- I know these
3
      people.
 4
               MR. PIMSNER: And what do you know about Mr. Ahmed's
5
      family's financial background?
               ZIAAD ISMAEL MUSTAFA: Good.
 6
7
               MR. PIMSNER: Would you describe them as wealthy?
               MS. JOHNSON: Your Honor, relevance?
 8
 9
               THE COURT: Mr. Pimsner, there's an objection to the
      relevance of that question. What's -- what's your response?
10
11
               MR. PIMSNER: Your Honor, whether or not he has the
12
      financial means for potential flight issues, so I think it's
13
      okay -- it's a proper inquiry into what possible wealth he may
14
      have available through his family.
15
               THE COURT: Well, Mr. Pimsner, is your question as to
16
      the family's wealth back in Iraq, or to Mr. AL-Nouri's wealth
17
      here?
18
               MR. PIMSNER: It's Iraq. In Iraq.
19
               THE COURT: Okay. If the witness can answer, then
20
      it's allowable.
21
                          (Awaiting translation.)
22
               ZIAAD ISMAEL MUSTAFA: In Iraq they have -- actually,
23
      a job, a job, because I don't know what they call the job in
24
      Arabic.
25
               THE INTERPRETER:
                                 Carpenter.
```

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

ZIAAD ISMAEL MUSTAFA: They have carpenter. brother Mohammed, he is working barber like me, working together. And another brothers he has are for, you know, like -- for, you know, like -- like working on a car. Like bus. THE INTERPRETER: Your Honor, the interpreter didn't get what he said in English. THE COURT: All right. Let me ask. Ms. Johnson, would it help if Mr. Mustafa sat next to you and could pull the microphone directly to him? ZIAAD ISMAEL MUSTAFA: I can use this. THE COURT: I don't think so. We're having trouble hearing you. Why don't you take a seat. Mr. Mustafa, the interpreter stated that he did not hear your last answer. I believe I heard some matters about being a barber, being a carpenter. If that's roughly correct, could you repeat your answer? ZIAAD ISMAEL MUSTAFA: Yes. Another guy, he has bus. So barber, carpenter, and bus. MS. JOHNSON: "Bus." Bus driver. ZIAAD ISMAEL MUSTAFA: Bus. THE COURT: Bus. THE INTERPRETER: The interpreter heard that he worked as a barber and bus driver. Sir, at some point you indicated earlier MR. PIMSNER:

```
1
      that you saw Mr. Ali Ahmed in Syria. When did you move to
2
      Syria?
3
               ZIAAD ISMAEL MUSTAFA: 2006.
 4
               MR. PIMSNER: What month in 2006?
5
               ZIAAD ISMAEL MUSTAFA: Actually, I don't know exactly.
 6
      But I just -- I go to do the bus, like maybe it's May.
7
               MR. PIMSNER: About approximately May; is that what
8
      you said?
 9
               ZIAAD ISMAEL MUSTAFA: Just 2006. I don't know about
10
      the month exactly. I'm so sorry.
11
               MR. PIMSNER: And when did you see Mr. Ali Ahmed in
12
      Syria?
               ZIAAD ISMAEL MUSTAFA: 2006.
13
               If I'm honest with you, I'm not sure exactly.
14
15
               MR. PIMSNER: Excuse me, Your Honor.
16
                          (Pause in proceedings.)
17
               MR. PIMSNER: Sir, how often did you see Mr. Ahmed in
      Syria?
18
19
               ZIAAD ISMAEL MUSTAFA: In Syria, or when?
20
               MR. PIMSNER:
                             In Syria.
               ZIAAD ISMAEL MUSTAFA: Just one time.
21
22
               MR. PIMSNER: And where was that?
23
               ZIAAD ISMAEL MUSTAFA: It's the passport building of
24
      Syria, in front. We drink tea.
25
               MR. PIMSNER: And did you move back to Fallujah at
```

1 some point after living in Syria? 2 MS. JOHNSON: Objection. Relevance. THE COURT: Mr. Pimsner? 3 4 MR. PIMSNER: Trying to establish if he had seen 5 Mr. Ahmed in Iraq after that time, after he returned. THE COURT: Why does that relate --6 7 MR. PIMSNER: Part of Mr. Ahmed's argument is that he 8 can't go back to Iraq, why would he go back to Iraq. And if he 9 was going back to Iraq during the course of this time, you know, I think it's relevant to know his -- his travels. 10 11 THE COURT: Okay. I'll allow that question, but we're 12 not going to go in depth on this with this witness. MR. PIMSNER: Correct. 13 14 Did you see Mr. Ali Ahmed in Fallujah after you 15 returned to Fallujah from Syria? 16 ZIAAD ISMAEL MUSTAFA: No. 17 MR. PIMSNER: You indicated that you saw Mr. Ahmed 18 right prior to his arrest. How many times have you seen 19 Mr. Ahmed in the United States in person? 20 ZIAAD ISMAEL MUSTAFA: One time. Just one time. 21 MR. PIMSNER: And that was just prior to his arrest? 22 ZIAAD ISMAEL MUSTAFA: Yes. 23 Now, one more thing --24 THE COURT: Well, no, you have to wait until he asks a 25 question.

```
1
               MR. PIMSNER: When was the last time you communicated
2
      with Mr. Ahmed?
3
               ZIAAD ISMAEL MUSTAFA: Before he got to the jail, like
 4
      two days or three days.
5
               MR. PIMSNER: And --
 6
                          (Awaiting translation.)
7
               MR. PIMSNER: And do you continue to communicate with
8
      Mr. Ahmed's brothers and sister?
 9
               ZIAAD ISMAEL MUSTAFA: Yes. Taha and Ali and
10
      Mohammed.
11
               MR. PIMSNER: When was the last time you spoke to Taha
12
      and Mohammed?
13
               MS. JOHNSON: Objection. Relevance.
               THE COURT: Sustained.
14
15
               MR. PIMSNER: Nothing further, Your Honor.
16
               THE COURT:
                           Thank you.
17
               Any further points, Ms. Johnson?
               MS. JOHNSON: Your Honor, I just wanted to invite
18
19
      Mr. Mustafa to add anything that he felt was relevant.
20
               ZIAAD ISMAEL MUSTAFA: I'm good.
21
               THE COURT: Thank you, Mr. Mustafa.
22
               Ms. Johnson, before you call your next witness, I
23
      believe I forgot to put on the record that your client had,
24
      after consultation, consented to appear by video. Is that
25
      correct?
```

```
1
               MS. JOHNSON:
                             Yes.
2
               THE COURT: Okay. Do you have another witness?
               MS. JOHNSON: We do. Witness number 2 is Tanler
3
 4
      Klemstine.
5
                       (TANLER KLEMSTINE is sworn.)
               TANLER KLEMSTINE: My name is -- oh, sorry.
 6
 7
               My name is Tanler Klemstine.
8
               THE INTERPRETER:
                                 Interpreter ask to be slow and
 9
      mention the name, please.
10
                          (After interpretation.)
11
               TANLER KLEMSTINE: "Tanler." Tanler.
12
               THE COURT: Is it Tanler, T-A-N-L-E-R?
13
               TANLER KLEMSTINE:
                                  Yes, sir.
14
               A little about myself. I am a neighbor of Ali.
15
      live, I don't know, four houses away from him. And I moved
16
      into that neighborhood October 2019.
17
               A few days after moving in, Ali and I struck a
      friendship, originally based off of raising animals.
18
19
               I often saw him.
                                 I'm a homemaker and I homeschool my
20
      kids, so I drove by his house often and spoke with him.
21
               We spoke of many things, such as my time in the
22
      service. I'm a veteran of the United States Navy.
23
               I served from the beginning of 2006 until mid 2011.
24
               Based off of my time in the service, I know of the
25
      country. I never stepped foot in it. I was off the coast of
```

Iraq.

During the time of the accusations of what he's being accused of, I do know that that country and that area specifically was in serious hardship: War, there was a lot of violence, and corruption in the government.

(Awaiting interpretation.)

TANLER KLEMSTINE: Oh, sorry. I lost it here.

Okay.

I think that there's a possibility off of what I've read -- I don't know all the details as most people in here -- but based off of what I read on the news, I feel like it could have been somebody trying to at-fault somebody.

MR. PIMSNER: Your Honor, I'm going to object. This is speculative.

THE COURT: It is speculative. I'm -- I'm not tracking what you're saying.

TANLER KLEMSTINE: Okay. I'm -- what I'm trying to say is that somebody could be placing fault on him to get out of a situation because they know that he's not there to defend himself. And in that country you're guilty until proven innocent.

And as far as my relationship with Ali, we exchange text messages about animals, about his baby that was currently on the way. He sent me a picture of his son the day he was born.

1 We -- we talked a lot about animals, but I shared 2 about my time in the service with him. I spoke to him of Jesus, I spoke to him of my family. 3 4 I often borrowed trailers from Ali because I was 5 developing -- developing my property, and he always showed kindness and willingness to bless me. 6 Over half the chickens -- I know this is not relevant, 7 but half the chickens on my property were eggs for chickens 8 that Ali and his family blessed my family with. 9 10 THE COURT: Mr. Klemstine, in saying "blessed" your 11 family with, "gave" you? 12 TANLER KLEMSTINE: Yes, gave me. He would never let 13 me pay for anything, and always told me if I bless you, God is 14 going to bless me. And always thanked me for letting him bless 15 me 16 Another experience that I had with Ali, after 17 borrowing his horse trailer, I dropped it off, it was late in the evening, and him and a buddy were having drinks. 18 19 THE INTERPRETER: For? 20 TANLER KLEMSTINE: When I dropped off the horse 21 trailer late in the evening, Ali and his buddy were having 22 drinks. Alcohol. 23 That time and every other time that I've seen Ali, 24 messaged Ali, he was always grateful and happy to see me, a 25 true example of somebody that's joyful, and expressed joy to

1 see me or my family members. 2 In my feelings towards Ali, I hold him close to my I feel like he really exemplifies the meaning or 3 heart. 4 example that a United States citizen should be like, always 5 helpful and loving. Now, I can't think of anything else that I would like 6 7 to say, other than I'm grateful for the time that I got to be friends with him. 8 9 THE COURT: Does government have questions? Just a couple, Your Honor. 10 MR. PIMSNER: 11 Sir, I do understand correctly that you've never 12 stepped foot in Iraq? 13 TANLER KLEMSTINE: No. Always off the coast. 14 MR. PIMSNER: And just to clarify, you only knew 15 Mr. Ali Ahmed approximately three-and-a-half months prior to 16 his arrest? 17 TANLER KLEMSTINE: I knew him since October 2019. 18

MR. PIMSNER: No other questions, Your Honor.

MS. JOHNSON: Your Honor, I just want to give Mr. Klemstine an opportunity to clarify or expound on any answers to questions asked by Mr. Pimsner.

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

TANLER KLEMSTINE: When I was off the coast of Iraq, I worked on an amphibious assault ship, which is known for transporting Marines and medical, which we were there in lieu of support of them when they're on foot in Iraq. And I was

```
1
      close friends with many of the Marines and medics, which they
2
      told me their stories. And I was always there in support of
3
      protecting them from a distance.
 4
               MR. PIMSNER: So it's safe to say you never interacted
5
      with any Iraq locals or government officials; correct?
 6
               TANLER KLEMSTINE: Other than interpreters that came
7
      on our boat and citizens of Iraq that were helping that came to
8
      our ship for aid or a mission; like meetings, they had to come
 9
      to our ship. So, yes.
10
               MR. PIMSNER:
                             Thank you.
11
               MS. JOHNSON: Your Honor, Youkhanna Khaninia.
12
                      (YOUKHANNA KHANINIA is sworn.)
13
               YOUKHANNA KHANINIA: My name is Youkhanna Khaninia.
      I'm a Christian Iraqi. I work as a product engineer for
14
15
      Microchip, and currently on disability due to my vision
16
      problem.
17
               I am involved with three charitable organization, one
18
      of them -- sorry.
19
               (Awaiting interpretation.)
20
               THE INTERPRETER:
                                 Interpreter asks to repeat the name,
21
      please.
22
               THE COURT:
                           I'm sorry?
23
                                 Interpreter asks to repeat the name
               THE INTERPRETER:
24
               I'm not familiar with these names.
      slowly.
                                           I work for Microchips
25
               YOUKHANNA KHANINIA:
                                    Yeah.
```

1	semiconductor.
2	THE INTERPRETER: Name.
3	YOUKHANNA KHANINIA: Oh. Youkhanna Khaninia. My
4	nickname is Youki. Most know me by Youki.
5	THE INTERPRETER: Sorry for that interruption.
6	THE COURT: Mr. Khaninia, you state you work for
7	Microchip. What do you do for Microchip?
8	YOUKHANNA KHANINIA: I'm an engineer, a product
9	engineer.
10	And I also volunteer for two charitable organization.
11	One of them is
12	(Awaiting interpretation.)
13	YOUKHANNA KHANINIA: One of them is Christian Assyrian
14	Medical Society.
15	I am a cofounder and a board director. And I also
16	volunteer for Without Border, which is based in Loma Linda,
17	California.
18	THE COURT: I heard the first one. Christian Assyrian
19	Medical.
20	YOUKHANNA KHANINIA: Medical Society.
21	THE COURT: Okay. The second one?
22	YOUKHANNA KHANINIA: It was Without Borders. It's not
23	Doctor Without Borders.
24	THE INTERPRETER: Interpreter didn't get the name of
25	the place.

```
1
                           I believe the second charitable
               THE COURT:
2
      organization you're associated with is called Without Borders?
               YOUKHANNA KHANINIA: Yes, sir.
3
 4
                        (Awaiting interpretation.)
5
               YOUKHANNA KHANINIA: Usually we bring -- we start as
      bringing Christian children that needed medical help through
 6
7
      Shriner Hospital and through St. Jude. And --
8
               (Awaiting interpretation.)
 9
               YOUKHANNA KHANINIA: And we did bring couple kids
10
      here, was sponsored by Chandler Regional and Gilbert Regional
11
      Hospital.
12
               I met Ali, like, a year-and-a-half ago at farm repair
13
      store.
               My first question to him was if he's a Syrian, because
14
15
      he's very light and blue eyes.
16
                        (Confers with interpreter.)
17
               YOUKHANNA KHANINIA: I'm sorry. A Syrian.
      Babylonian.
18
19
               And his response was: I'm your brother.
20
               Ali is very caring person, very loveable, very polite.
21
      And when I posted the last post of a little girl that was
22
      accepted at Shriner --
23
               (Awaiting interpretation.)
24
               YOUKHANNA KHANINIA: -- Ali was the first person when
25
      I posted on Facebook to come back to me. He said he would
```

```
1
      sponsor the little kid.
               THE INTERPRETER: He was... (continues
2
3
      interpretation.)
 4
               YOUKHANNA KHANINIA: Unfortunately this thing was,
5
      like, four months ago when Iraq started having problem.
      shoot down the American Embassy.
 6
7
               I went to Ali to Lake Pleasant one time because he's
8
      very outgoing person and he likes to barbecue, so he invited
 9
      me. He went there for few hours. We had a lot of fun, you
      know, talking about our history, their history, and all that.
10
11
               And when he asked me about my family, he always
12
      referred to my "sister" and my "son" or my "brother." He never
13
      called them by name.
14
               I can swear to everyone, I mean, the quy is amazing,
15
      and I'm still shocked with their position.
16
               Last time, it was, I think, a couple months ago, he
17
      sent me picture of his newborn son.
18
               And you know, he look like Ali 100 percent.
19
               That's it.
20
               THE INTERPRETER:
                                 That's all.
21
               MR. PIMSNER: No questions, Your Honor.
22
               THE COURT: All right. Thank you.
23
               YOUKHANNA KHANINIA: Thank you. God bless.
24
               MS. JOHNSON: Your Honor, Jabir Algarawi.
      ///
25
```

1 (JABIR ALGARAWI is sworn.) 2 I came to JABIR ALGARAWI: My name is Jabir Algarawi. United States 27 years ago and -- as a refugee from Iraq. 3 4 I become --5 (Awaiting translation.) JABIR ALGARAWI: I become involved as a volunteer to 6 help my fellow refugees when they come to Phoenix, Arizona. 7 8 And all these faces I met when they came here to 9 Arizona, and I provide help as a consultant to them, how they 10 can just start their new life and become self-sufficient. 11 And I -- I met Ali the year he came to Phoenix, 12 Arizona, back in 2008, I believe. 13 And his name come to -- to my attention through his 14 caseworker with the Catholic Charity. 15 She's my friend. We work together with the refugees 16 back in '90s. 17 And she tell me he's very helpful to our community. He is well into volunteers and help me to help others. 18 19 And many times Ali come to our office as a refugee 20 center in Northwest Phoenix and asks if we need any help, 21 especially with transportation or anything. And it's -- in the beginning, his English was limited, 22 23 so he offered to help with helping refugees, with take them to 24 shopping. 25 And when we have -- when we have a family running

1 through a hard time, like not paying the rent, many times Ali 2 came and offer to pay some of the money to help that families. 3 And when he start his business as a driver, he help us 4 a lot. 5 Many of refugees got their driver license without 6 paying money. 7 And because it is very important to our refugees when 8 they came here to get the driver license so they can start the 9 job and become self-sufficient. 10 And this individual, sometime they don't have money to 11 pay to get the driver license. So we talk to Ali, and Ali 12 tell, okay, if they don't have money, I don't ask them to pay 13 me. And if they have money in the future, they can pay me. 14 I -- I feel Ali, he is a good person. 15 community, he provide a lot of help to us. And he's very 16 lovely and very charming person. 17 And all of us, we shocked when we heard the news about 18 that, his charges. 19 Thank you. 20 Does the government have questions? THE COURT: 21 MR. PIMSNER: No, Your Honor. Thank you. 22 MS. JOHNSON: Your Honor, our last speaker is Ahmed 23 Alassafi. 24 (AHMED ALASSAFI is sworn.) 25 AHMED ALASSAFI: I'm Ahmed Alassafi. I am original

1 from Iraq. 2 I worked with U.S. Army as local linguist from 2004 'til the end of 2009. 3 4 THE COURT: In what country were you doing that work? 5 AHMED ALASSAFI: What's that? 6 (Awaiting translation.) 7 AHMED ALASSAFI: Yes, the end of 2009. Yes. the work. 8 9 No. You said you were -- you worked as a THE COURT: 10 linguist with the United States Army from 2004 to 2009. Was 11 that in Iraq? 12 AHMED ALASSAFI: Yes, in Iraq. Baghdad. And then I been given opportunity to come here to 13 14 United States as refugee with my family. 15 First time I met with Ali was in the beginning of 16 2011. 17 We were living in the same complex. It was 3333 West Dunlap Avenue, Phoenix, Arizona. 18 19 Sometime he invited me to his apartment. 20 He's -- he is so nice. He was so interested to make 21 barbecue, and make fun. 22 As I know him that time, he was working for dental 23 services. He was taking people to the dentist, and then 24 getting back home. 25 After that, I move in North Phoenix, and then I knew

```
1
      that he was moved to another complex, I guess, in -- he went at
2
      35th Avenue.
3
               Greenway and 35th Avenue.
 4
               One day he invited me to his apartment as -- as the
5
      same before, for dinner and talking about lovely subjects.
 6
      he was so nice.
7
               In that time, I knew that he was working for a
      driving, teaching people driving and getting driver license.
8
 9
               And a lot of people actually were so pleased when they
10
      being taught that driving with Ali.
11
               At the end of 2016, I was deployed overseas as a
12
      linguist contractor with the DOV.
13
               THE INTERPRETER: DOV?
               AHMED ALASSAFI: Yes.
14
15
               THE COURT: Department of Defense?
16
               AHMED ALASSAFI: Yes, sir.
17
               I got a job. I got a job as linguist contractor.
               Yeah, I work there, like, three-and-a-half years.
18
19
               And I guess year he called me or he text me that he
20
      got married, and my family was attending the wedding.
21
               And when I came back, I guess May 2019 --
22
                          (Awaiting translation.)
23
               AHMED ALASSAFI: Yes. I met with Ali again, and it
24
      was a repeat.
25
               Specially, he bought a new house, and a big lot of,
```

1 like -- yeah, a big house with a big yard. 2 He was raising cattle, like cows, sheeps, dogs, a chicken, the birds, and he was so -- so -- so interested with 3 4 that. 5 And in the same time, I want to mention something, that from October 2019 to December 2019, I paid a visit to 6 7 Iraq, Baghdad. 8 And Ali asked me to call his brother in Baghdad 9 because he had a pins for implant tooth. 10 (Pending translation.) 11 AHMED ALASSAFI: No, no. The pins, the pins. Is not 12 -- just to bring the pins towards with his bother. 13 So I called his brother, and he was pleased, and asked me to come to his office. 14 15 His office for real estate in Baghdad, Mansour --16 Mansour neighborhood is a high class, of course, neighborhood 17 in Baghdad. 18 There I was astonish there was a big similarity 19 between Ali and his brother. 20 And his brother invited me to a nice restaurant there, 21 and we took dinner. 22 And he said that Ali got apply for his mom and his 23 brother, hoping that they gonna come to United States as family 24 union in the future. 25 And after I came back from Iraq, December 2019, I

```
1
      brought the pins and gave them to Ali. And then he was so
2
      happy.
               (Awaiting interpretation.)
3
 4
               AHMED ALASSAFI: Yeah.
5
               And actually a week or two weeks before his arrest, he
 6
      invited me to his house with my family.
               And we went there, and we had a good time and
7
8
      delicious dinner, and we were so happy.
 9
               And the bad news that I hear was after two weeks, he
10
      was arrested.
11
               That's what I have.
12
               Thank you.
               MR. PIMSNER: Your Honor, just a couple.
13
14
               Sir, I didn't understand your answer. When you worked
15
      as a linguist for the Army between 2004 and 2009, where in Iraq
16
      were you?
17
               AHMED ALASSAFI:
                                 In Baghdad.
18
               MR. PIMSNER: Baghdad?
19
               AHMED ALASSAFI:
                                Baghdad.
20
               MR. PIMSNER: And isn't it true you didn't know
21
      Mr. Ali Ahmed during your time in Baghdad when he was there;
22
      correct?
23
               AHMED ALASSAFI: No.
               THE COURT: Okay. Let's have a translation.
24
25
               (Awaiting interpretation.)
```

```
1
               MR. PIMSNER: Nothing further.
               THE COURT: Thank you.
2
                             Thank you, Your Honor.
3
               MS. JOHNSON:
 4
               May I proceed with our argument?
5
               THE COURT: Yes.
                                 I think we're switching translators,
 6
      though, so let's pause.
 7
                          (Pause in proceedings.)
8
               THE COURT: Is the translator ready to proceed?
 9
               THE INTERPRETER: Do you want to swear me in?
               THE COURT:
10
                           No.
11
               Okay. Ms. Johnson, you're prepared to argue?
12
               MS. JOHNSON: Yes. And can I ask whether we're still
      doing consecutive or --
13
14
               THE COURT: We are.
15
               MS. JOHNSON: Okay. Thank you.
16
               So, Your Honor, I would like to start by addressing
17
      points that I believe the United States and Mr. Ahmed agree on.
18
               We agree that Mr. Ahmed is a United States citizen.
19
               He's lived in the United States since approximately
20
      2009.
21
               I apologize. I forgot. During the pause Mr. Allison
22
      asked me to make a record that we do have Pretrial on the
23
      phone.
24
               THE COURT: Is the Pretrial Services officer on the
25
      phone?
```

1 (Pause in proceedings.) 2 THE COURT: Ms. Johnson, I'm not sure we have confirmation on that. 3 4 MS. JOHNSON: Okay. I will proceed. 5 So we agree that Mr. Ahmed has been a citizen since 2015; that he has no criminal history in the United States. 6 7 He's been interviewed numerous times by the FBI and 8 other law enforcement over the last few years. 9 During those interviews, he was asked questions about, 10 among other things, the allegations in the Iraqi complaint. 11 He agreed to participate in those interviews. 12 provided them with documents. He never refused an interview. 13 14 He consistently denied the allegations in the Iraqi 15 complaint. 16 And he -- he did not leave. He's lived in Phoenix the 17 entire time he's been in the United States. 18 I believe we also agree that Mr. Ahmed is currently 19 housed in a facility that as of Monday is experiencing an 20 outbreak of the COVID-19, I believe; that Mr. Ahmed has been 21 identified by that facility as high risk with respect to the 22 virus because of pre-existing health condition. 23 THE COURT: Ms. Johnson, two things: One, I believe 24 Pretrial now has confirmed they are on the phone, so that 25 should be part of the record.

1 Secondly, your last statement that -- Mr. Al-Houri is 2 at CoreCivic; correct? MS. JOHNSON: Yes. 3 4 THE COURT: You said he's been identified as high risk 5 at CoreCivic. Where is that in the record we have? MS. JOHNSON: Your Honor, I was provided -- it is not 6 7 in our record. I provided information and Mr. Ahmed's wife 8 provided information about his health conditions. Mr. Allison 9 separately two days ago emailed me a summary of an interview, I guess, they did with CoreCivic where he informed me that 10 11 CoreCivic has flagged him as high risk. 12 THE COURT: Mr. Allison? 13 MR. ALLISON: Yes. I would be happy to make a record 14 of that, Your Honor. 15 THE COURT: Okay. Here is all I want to do, because 16 Ms. Johnson is proceeding by way of illustrating what she 17 believes you are in agreement on. 18 Do you agree that CoreCivic has identified Mr. Ahmed 19 as high risk? 20 MR. ALLISON: Yes, we do. 21 (Awaiting translation.) 22 MR. ALLISON: But, I'm sorry, if I could make one --23 add one detail: High risk due to a heart valve replacement. 24 That was the information we got. 25 THE COURT: Thank you.

MS. JOHNSON: The United States and Mr. Ahmed also agreed, and I am here going to summarize the 2019 United States State Department Country Conditions Report on Iraq.

As the Court may be aware, the State Department every year puts out Country Condition Reports where it describes, among other things, the human rights conditions in other countries.

That report is cited in our detention memorandum.

It is the position of the United States State

Department, and Mr. Ahmed agrees, that in Iraq, government

forces frequently ignore the law; they engage in arbitrary

arrests and detention, particularly in cases involving

allegations of terrorism; corruption is prevalent in arrest

procedures; and even when individuals are cleared of crime,

they face delays in getting released from prison.

Death penalty trials can be conducted into groups of 50 to 80 people at a time and last from one to 10 minutes.

Defendants can be sentenced to death at trials in which their defense counsel met them only one minute before the trial begins.

THE INTERPRETER: Say what again?

MS. JOHNSON: One minute.

That lawyers who represent individuals accused of terrorism are sometimes themselves detained.

Individuals can face arbitrary detention and be

1 released only after signing documents that they are not allowed 2 to read. The judiciary is weak and, this is a quote: 3 4 Corruption or intimidation influences judges in criminal cases. 5 And violence and corruption impairs judicial 6 independence. 7 Judges presume defendants' quilt based on presence or 8 geographic proximity to the activities of a terrorist group. 9 Evidence is collected by torture, and judges disregard evidence of torture and they can disregard evidence that the 10 11 evidence was obtained by torture. 12 So before I get to the legal standard, I think it is 13 important to discuss the background of what we think is going 14 on in this case. 15 It -- it was widely reported in 2016 prominent 16 individuals in the executive branch made a statement that was 17 widely complained of by experts in the field that the refugee 18 process was bringing terrorists to the United States. 19 Mr. Ahmed came to the United States as a refugee. 20 Refugees are among the most vetted individuals on the 21 planet. They go through many background checks and security 22 23 clearances before they are even allowed into the country. 24 This is particularly true of refugees from Iraq

because the United States coalition authorities who were in

25

charge of Iraq for so many years, that they obtained biometric information about individuals living in there, in Iraq at the time.

As Mr. Ahmed, in his interviews with the FBI, voluntarily provided to them his biometric badge that he had in, I believe it was Fallujah, that he needed to even go across the city.

Mr. Ahmed was vetted again when he applied for a Green Card, again when he applied for citizenship, and then again when he went to work on a military base of the United States.

Nevertheless, claims were made that -- oh, and I should mention that Mr. Ahmed did not choose to come to the United States. The United States was chosen for him as is consistent with worldwide refugee resettlement futures.

Nevertheless, claims were made about the refugee resettlement system, was allowing the terrorists into the United States.

And the article, The New Yorker article, very well sourced by Ben Taub that I have submitted as an exhibit, quotes an NSC member as saying that once this claim was made, individuals were sent out in search of evidence to support this unsubstantiated claim.

The United States has never extradited anyone to Iraq, even though the treaty has been in place for 100 years. And that is quite likely because the United States has had, until

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

recently, a very admirable history of not extraditing people -people to countries, especially not U.S. citizens, to countries where the judicial process cannot be trusted. Then in July of 2018, the United States State Department certified the extradition treaty for Omar Ameen, who was an Iraqi refugee living in Sacramento. For the past nearly two years, that case has been pending. We have not, in this case, had an opportunity to look into the allegations against Mr. Ahmed. But in that case they have, and what they found was that Mr. Ameen is pretty -- was pretty indisputably in Turkey the entire time he was allegedly murdering police officers in Iraq. THE COURT: Ms. Johnson, I want to make sure I'm tracking this part of your argument. Is it your assertion that the state of the Iraqi political affairs qualifies as a special circumstance?

MS. JOHNSON: Your Honor --

THE COURT: Because we're here for a detention hearing, so where does this fit in?

MS. JOHNSON: Yes, Your Honor. We do believe this is a special circumstance. But moreover, the United States has claimed that Mr. Ahmed is a danger to the community, based really, solely, on the allegations in the complaint. So I

think it's relevant to talk about those allegations and the likelihood that they are true.

THE COURT: To the extent they are relevant on that basis, do you agree that your burden would be to -- I believe the standard in the law -- is to utterly destroy the basis for probable cause?

MS. JOHNSON: Your Honor, I believe that that is a question for the merits extradition hearing and not the standard for detention hearing.

THE COURT: Then we're back to my question of how you are asking me to weigh the force of your argument as to the Iraqi political conditions for a detention decision.

MS. JOHNSON: Your Honor, I'm asking you to refuse the government's invitation to find Mr. Ahmed to be a danger to the community based on the allegations in the complaint.

When the information comes to light, we will move along quickly. There was an evidentiary hearing where it came to light that it really was pretty much impossible that Mr. Ahmed did anything any of the things in the complaint very shortly thereafter.

The State Department certified the extradition request in this case.

MR. ALLISON: I'm going to object to that, Your Honor.

And maybe it's the use of the term "certification of

extradition." I think that case is still pending, and I think

1 they attached a similar declaration in that case that we have 2 as part of our extradition packet here. 3 But I'm also going to object to quite a bit of 4 conversation about a completely unrelated case and where that's 5 going. I'm not sure. THE COURT: As I understand it, it's argument by 6 7 analogy that relates to whether or not Mr. Al-Nouri is a 8 danger. 9 Because it is argument, I will overrule the objection. 10 Certainly, Mr. Allison, you'll have your chance to respond to 11 argument today, which raises -- we had initially set this matter to end at four o'clock. Are we able to go longer than 12 four o'clock? 13 14 MS. JOHNSON: I am. 15 MR. ALLISON: Of course, Your Honor. 16 THE COURT: And what about the staff? 17 Okay. 18 All right. Ms. Johnson, how -- I'm not going to cut 19 your argument short, I'm just trying to gauge. How much more 20 argument do you have? 21 MS. JOHNSON: Your Honor, and I -- I apologize. When 22 we set this hearing, I was not getting consecutive 23 translations. It's actually double. But I -- with the

You have about an hour's worth more of

24

25

translation, a half-hour.

THE COURT:

1 argument? 2 MS. JOHNSON: No, Your Honor. With the translation, I think I can do it in a half-hour. 3 4 THE COURT: Half-hour. 5 That's fine. It raises the issue of whether we will 6 complete the detention hearing today. But let's complete what 7 we can, so let's -- let's keep hearing your argument. 8 MS. JOHNSON: Yes, Your Honor. 9 I will turn to the legal standard for release pending extradition. 10 11 THE INTERPRETER: Sorry. Can you repeat that again? 12 MS. JOHNSON: The legal standard for release pending 13 resolution of an extradition request. 14 As noted in our brief, we believe that Mr. Ahmed has a 15 due process right to liberty that can only be overcome on a 16 showing that he is a danger or a flight risk. 17 THE COURT: So Ms. Johnson, your authority for that is Parretti versus United States, is my understanding, from your 18 19 detention memorandum. 20 MS. JOHNSON: Yes, Your Honor. The Fifth Amendment 21 and Parretti, yes. 22 THE COURT: Okay. 23 Parretti, as you know, and as you state in your 24 memorandum, was withdrawn by the Ninth Circuit. 25 Do you have any other authority that supports the

1 assertion of the Fifth Amendment due process standard that 2 you're proposing? 3 MS. JOHNSON: We do not. 4 I suppose the Bail Reform Act and litigation there on 5 Salerno discussing due process and liberty interests generally. THE COURT: Okay. But on -- well, let me let the 6 7 translator translate. 8 (Awaiting translation.) 9 THE COURT: But on that point, both parties agree that 10 the Bail Reform Act does not apply, so your argument is by 11 analogy from cases dealing with detention under the Bail Reform 12 Act. 13 MS. JOHNSON: Yes, Your Honor. And we believe that there is no basis to find that 14 15 Mr. Ahmed is either a flight risk or a danger to the community. 16 Mr. Ahmed owns a house, he's married to a United 17 States citizen, he's the father of a United States citizen. 18 And these decisions he made -- to get married, to buy a house, 19 to have a child, to buy livestock -- were all made after the 20 first contact with the FBI where he became aware that -- that 21 people were saying things like this about him. 22 THE COURT: Ms. Johnson, let me -- let me ask: On the 23 point of length of awareness of investigation, I believe your 24 argument is that he's been aware of these allegations since

25

October 2017.

1 MS. JOHNSON: Yes, Your Honor. At least of the 2 investigation and that people were asking questions about him. And the behavior that he's engaged in since that time 3 4 simply does not indicate he has an intention to leave the 5 United States. He is, moreover, effectively disabled from travel, as 6 7 are we all. Borders are closed, airplanes are not flying. 8 He certainly can't go back to Iraq. He will be 9 killed. 10 And with respect to -- I think that we -- the 11 government may disagree with our position on due process, but I 12 think that we do agree that release may be warranted if special 13 circumstances can be shown. 14 And there are numerous special circumstances present 15 in this case. 16 The ongoing pandemic is certainly a special 17 circumstance in the history of -- of the world. 18 And that creates special circumstances for Mr. Ahmed 19 in a number of different ways. 20 First, it makes his incarceration more dangerous than 21 is typically the case. 22 Since the time that we submitted the detention memo on 23 March 31st, there have been developments in the situation, the 24 public health situation, at CoreCivic specifically. 25 We are receiving, as I imagine the Court likely is,

twice daily updates about testing at CoreCivic.

My understanding is that as of this morning, 13 inmates have tested positive for coronavirus, and seven staff.

And as of one week ago, there were zero positive tests among inmates, which shows how fast this disease is spreading.

The recommendations put forth by the CDC about social distancing and staying six feet away from everyone, they are simply not practical in a correctional setting.

What we have seen over the last two months is that once COVID-19 hit the jail, it spreads very quickly.

The New York Times has been tracking clusters, coronavirus clusters, and tracing their origins to see what -- what sorts of institutions and facilities are causing the spread of the disease.

And of the 30 largest clusters in the United States, I believe that 19 of them are associated with jails or correctional facilities.

Mr. Ahmed is a high-risk individual because of pre-existing health conditions. He has a history of heart valve replacement. And as his wife stated in her letter, he has been within the last two years been hospitalized twice for pneumonia unrelated to COVID-19.

These are factors that the CDC has identified as making individuals particularly susceptible to a severe form of the disease.

At least one court in the country has found that an individual's susceptibility to COVID-19 is a special circumstance warranting release in an extradition hearing.

That is the Manrique case that is cited in our motion. I believe that Mr. -- I think it's actually Mr. Toledo Manrique is the former president of Peru -- and he was released in that case, notwithstanding the fact that in that case there was, as of yet, no evidence of COVID-19 in the jail where he was being held.

And despite that, the judge had already found in that case that Mr. Toledo Manrique was a flight risk, which is not a finding that's warranted in this case.

But COVID-19 constitutes a special circumstance in other ways as well, particularly with respect to the likelihood that this case will be -- or can be resolved in anything like a reasonable time frame.

THE COURT: Ms. Johnson, just to make sure I'm tracking, you're about to pivot to an argument regarding delay as one of the factors of special circumstances; is that correct?

MS. JOHNSON: Yes, Your Honor.

THE COURT: To stay just for a moment on health effects, if you're asking the Court to rely on updated information as to the seriousness of the COVID-19, I would ask that by next Friday you file an additional update that deals

only with that issue, and then we'll give the government time to respond, because some of the statements you're making are just not sourced in the record as of now, and I'd like -- if you want me to consider them, I'm going to need support in the record.

We'll cover when we're going to be able to reconvene.

And I think it makes sense to have the government read your memorandum first and not to do simultaneous memorandums, because that way we'll have the most up-to-date information.

I'd like to reconvene as soon as possible, and that's why I'm asking that you file your memorandum by next Friday, or -- certainly including next Friday. Is that doable for you?

MS. JOHNSON: Your Honor, I can file something Monday.

I believe -- I have received information from the government in the last few days in which they concede that both inmates and staff are now infected with COVID-19 at the jail.

The situation appears to be deteriorating by the day, as would be expected. So even if I file something Monday, it may very well be out of date by Friday.

THE COURT: Well, it's your choice what information you file. But if you want me to rely on it, I need more than that the Federal Public Defender's Office gets emails and updates. That's not enough for me to rely on. If you want statistics and you want me to draw inferences, you must give them to me.

1 MS. JOHNSON: I can file something Monday. 2 With respect to the -- is that -- does the Court have 3 additional questions about the risk to Mr. Al-Nouri 4 specifically? 5 THE COURT: I didn't understand the question. 6 MS. JOHNSON: Okay. Does the Court have additional 7 questions about the risk to Mr. Ahmed specifically? 8 THE COURT: No, and I'll have the benefit of whatever 9 you file. And let's establish that the government will respond 10 three days after receipt of Ms. Johnson's memorandum. 11 MS. SAMPSON: Yes, Your Honor. 12 THE COURT: Thank you. 13 MS. JOHNSON: The -- with respect to the anticipated 14 length of the proceedings, which have been held before to be a 15 special circumstance when they are unduly long, the -- we are 16 going to need to investigate these allegations. We are unable 17 to even begin that process right now because it is not possible to travel to Iraq. 18 19 It is at the present time unclear when it will be 20 possible to travel to Iraq. I am unable to review documents 21 with Mr. Ahmed because we are not allowed to go to the jail 22 because of the coronavirus epidemic. 23 This is a situation with no -- no end in sight. 24 In the ordinary circumstance, this case could be

expected to take quite some time to resolve. The Ameen case,

25

which is the only really analogous case that's available for us to see how long these proceedings take, has been pending almost two years. And for the first year-and-a-half that that case was pending, they did not have the problems with travel and communications that we're going to have.

So what we're facing then is just the possibility of prolonged, indefinite detention, with no real understanding of when we might be able to -- to have this hearing.

None of this delay can be attributed to Mr. Ahmed or any decisions that he has made.

THE COURT: Ms. Johnson, are you asking that we set a date for the extradition hearing, or are you opposed to having a date for the extradition hearing?

MS. JOHNSON: Your Honor, we would oppose setting a date at this time, if only because I have at the present moment no idea when it might be reasonable to expect that we can have such a hearing and be prepared for such a hearing, in light of the current international public health situation.

THE COURT: Mr. Allison, what's the government's position on whether we should set a date for the extradition hearing, even if it's out several months?

MR. ALLISON: Your Honor, I'm going to address this argument because I have a different take on what constitutes delay sufficient for special circumstances.

THE COURT: Okay. I realize you have a whole lot of

argument in response that you're going to make. But on that question, do you oppose or do you think we should set a date for an extradition hearing?

MR. ALLISON: Your Honor, the government -- the government believes we should be setting a date for the extradition hearing. I will couch that with, the government is willing to discuss when we set that date, in light of the current COVID pandemic and the difficulties Ms. Johnson is having meeting with her client. But the government does not believe we should not have an end in sight scheduled.

THE COURT: Ms. Johnson, on that topic, I am inclined to try to set a date. It may be that you'll end up asking to continue that date, but I don't think we can just leave it indefinite.

Part of your point today has been the evolving situation. And given that the situation is evolving, it may be that we can do this sooner than -- than you think.

My inclination is to set a date for the extradition hearing three months from now.

And first let me address with the government, what's the government's time frame? Can the government be prepared in three months?

MR. ALLISON: Yes, Your Honor.

THE COURT: Ms. Johnson, I can set that date, but I'd prefer to have your input.

MS. JOHNSON: Your Honor, I -- I don't see any way that we are going to be able to investigate these allegations in the next three months, or likely even begin to be able to investigate them.

THE COURT: Okay. Well, I have your input, and I'll determine whether or not we should set a date and, if so, you can file a motion dealing with whether or not you believe that's a realistic time frame for the extradition hearing.

But I think you have more -- more argument on detention.

MS. JOHNSON: I do, Your Honor.

As stated in our memo, we believe that Mr. Ahmed is ultimately going to become non -- nonextraditable, to develop a special circumstance --

THE COURT: Ms. Johnson, on that point, you referenced earlier today that in interviews that your client denied committing the acts that are alleged in the government's complaint.

However, one of your arguments in the detention memorandum is that these acts would constitute a political offense. If you're relying on the political offense doctrine, is your client acknowledging commission of the offenses?

Because it's only a political offense relevant to him if he engaged in what you're terming a political offense.

MS. JOHNSON: Your Honor, our understanding of the

political offense doctrine is that it is purely legal; that is, the complaint must state an offense that is not political in nature, which does not bar Mr. Ahmed from arguing additionally that he did not commit those acts.

THE COURT: It is not my understanding that the political offense doctrine is a legal doctrine that has no bearing upon factual issues as to whether or not an individual engaged in the factual actions that are requested to be viewed as political.

MS. JOHNSON: Your Honor, we will certainly brief that in connection with our extradition hearing briefing.

THE COURT: Well, if you want me to rely on that portion of your detention memorandum that says you believe he will not be found extraditable because these are political offenses, then you need to brief it sooner than that.

MS. JOHNSON: I'm happy to do that.

And to be clear, the political offense exception is but one of many legal arguments that we intend to present against extradition.

THE INTERPRETER: It's -- what was it?

MS. JOHNSON: It is one of many legal arguments we intend to present.

Mr. Ahmed's work on behalf of the military and his good works in the United States more broadly constitute a special circumstance.

We submitted the letter verifying that Mr. Ahmed did work on a military base as a cultural advisor to the United States military while in the United States.

The Court has heard from witnesses today about some of Mr. Ahmed's good works in the United States, and we also submitted many letters of support testifying to Mr. Ahmed's good work and service to others.

Mr. Ahmed -- our understanding is that even if the government -- if the judge were to find a special circumstance, there must also be a finding that he is not a flight risk.

I've already addressed the issue of flight.

But I would add that we have heard a lot today, and more in the letters, about the kind of person that Mr. Ahmed is. He is the kind of person who pulls over while he's driving to clear trash out of the street, who befriends Syrian Christians, and volunteers to sponsor children who need surgery to come to the United States.

He gives very generously of himself and asks nothing in return.

There is no reason to believe that if he is released that he won't show up for court or that he will behave any differently than he's been behaving the last 11 years in the United States, which is as a respected and generous and productive member of the community.

THE COURT: Ms. Johnson, on flight risk, I believe

your client's passport is in the custody of Pretrial Services; is that correct?

MS. JOHNSON: I thought the government had it. I thought the government took it when he was arrested. He doesn't have it, wherever it is.

THE COURT: I think that's correct. But -- so here is my follow-up: The government says in its pleadings that he has used a passport card, which is a different thing than a passport, to cross to Mexico, and that it does not have his passport card.

MS. JOHNSON: Your Honor, I believe Mr. Ahmed's wife just signaled to me that she has it, so she could surrender it to Pretrial at any time.

THE COURT: Well, I leave that to you. But if -- if the argument is that he doesn't have the ability to flee in part because he doesn't have the type of documentation to flee, I think the government has made a point about the passport card, that you should -- you should address or the Court will address in whatever ruling it makes.

MS. JOHNSON: We certainly have no problems surrendering it. I don't know that Pretrial will take it if they are not supervising him. So unless he is ordered released -- so perhaps if we are going to continue this hearing, his wife could simply bring it with her.

THE COURT: Okay. I think that's all we can say on

```
1
      that topic for now.
2
               MS. JOHNSON: Okay.
3
               Then that's all I have to say.
 4
               THE COURT: All right. We're 25 minutes past our
5
      endpoint.
 6
               Hold on one second.
7
                         (Pause in proceedings.)
8
               THE COURT: For the parties, I'm hoping we can
 9
      reconvene very soon, which would either be late next week or
10
      the following week.
11
               Are the parties available in that time frame?
                                                               Is the
12
      government available?
13
               MR. ALLISON: Yes, Your Honor. We'll be available.
               THE COURT: Okay. And Ms. Johnson?
14
15
               MS. JOHNSON: Your Honor, I will make myself available
16
      at whatever time.
17
               THE COURT: Okay.
18
               (Confers with courtroom deputy.)
               THE COURT: While we're looking for a date,
19
20
      Mr. Allison, is it correct that the government is going to
21
      proceed by proffer and argument, but not with witnesses?
22
               MR. ALLISON: Yes, that's correct, Your Honor.
23
               (Confers with courtroom deputy.)
24
               THE COURT: Okay. For the parties, we're going to --
25
      we'll get on order out, but we're going to continue this to
```

```
1
      next Friday, May 15th, at 1:00 p.m. I'm hopeful that the
2
      Special Proceedings Courtroom is also available then. So let's
3
      use that assumption for now.
 4
               Ms. Johnson has completed her initial argument points;
5
      so Mr. Allison, will you be prepared to proceed with your case?
 6
               MR. ALLISON: On the 15th, or now?
7
               THE COURT: Yes.
8
               MR. ALLISON: Of course, yes.
9
               THE COURT:
                           Okay.
10
               Then we've already gone a half-hour over today, so I'm
11
      going to end it for today.
12
               Thank you to the parties.
13
                   (Proceedings in recess at 4:28 p.m.)
14
15
16
17
18
19
20
21
22
23
24
25
```

CERTIFICATE I, CHARLOTTE A. POWERS, do hereby certify that I am duly appointed and qualified to act as Official Court Reporter for the United States District Court for the District of Arizona. I FURTHER CERTIFY that the foregoing pages constitute a full, true, and accurate transcript of all of that portion of the proceedings contained herein, had in the above-entitled cause on the date specified therein, and that said transcript was prepared under my direction and control. DATED at Phoenix, Arizona, this 11th day of May, 2020. s/Charlotte A. Powers Charlotte A. Powers, RMR, FCRR