

Weekly ERO Enforcement Report

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U.S. Immigration
and Customs
Enforcement

Weekly Enforcement and Removal Operations Enforcement Report
For the period of March 29, 2015 – April 4, 2015

For Official Use Only (FOUO)/Pre-decisional

I. Year to Date ERO Snapshot Summary of Convicted Criminal Arrest Comparisons

Convicted Criminal Threat Level	FY 14 YTD Fiscal Year End queries run on 10/06/2014 filtered through 04/04/2014	FY 15 YTD (current) IIDS queries run on 04/06/2015 (Data are through 04/04/2015)	Percentage Change from FY14 YTD (Year-end queries) to FY15 YTD (current queries)	03/30/2015-04/04/2015 # Arrests
Level 1	32,705	25,629	-22%	1,027
Level 2	19,302	13,486	-30%	528
Level 3	23,164	12,219	-47%	492
Total Convicted Criminal Arrests	75,171	51,334	-32%	2,047

II. Year to Date ERO Snapshot Summary of Convicted Criminal Removal Comparisons

Program	FY 14 YTD Fiscal Year End queries run on 10/06/2014 filtered through 04/04/2014	FY 15 YTD (current) IIDS queries run on 04/06/2015 (Data are through 04/04/2015)	Percentage Change from FY14 YTD (Year-end queries) to FY15 YTD (current queries)	03/30/2015-04/04/2015 Removals
Total Convicted Criminal Removals	96,514	67,858	-30%	1,046
CBP Total	47,762	35,326	-26%	498
Level 1	10,083	8,449	-16%	117
Level 2	10,272	8,664	-16%	115
Level 3	27,407	18,213	-34%	266
ICE Total	48,346	32,338	-33%	544
Level 1	23,846	18,102	-24%	353
Level 2	12,350	8,130	-34%	123
Level 3	12,150	6,106	-50%	68
OTHER Total	406	194	-52%	4
Level 1	140	66	-53%	3
Level 2	106	60	-43%	0
Level 3	160	68	-58%	1

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IV. Breakdown of Convicted Criminal At Large Arrests

	10/01/2014 - 04/04/2015 Street Arrest Comparison to 10/01/2013 - 04/04/2014												03/29/2014 - 04/04/2015 Street Arrests			
	Convicted Criminal			ICE Threat Level 1			ICE Threat Level 2			ICE Threat Level 3			Convicted Criminal	ICE Threat Level 1	ICE Threat Level 2	ICE Threat Level 3
	FY 2015	FY 2014	% Change	FY 2015	FY 2014	% Change	FY 2015	FY 2014	% Change	FY 2015	FY 2014	% Change				
Total	11,983	12,287	-2%	5,227	4,714	11%	3,585	3,638	-1%	3,171	3,935	-19%	492	219	140	133
Atlanta	993	981	1%	454	325	40%	375	373	1%	164	283	-42%	45	27	16	2
Baltimore	266	300	-11%	94	90	4%	67	71	-6%	105	139	-24%	12	7	1	4
Boston	364	478	-24%	183	218	-16%	94	108	-13%	87	152	-43%	16	9	4	3
Buffalo	93	98	-5%	53	53	0%	18	21	-14%	22	24	-8%	2	2	0	0
Chicago	1,133	1,228	-8%	443	351	26%	334	392	-15%	356	485	-27%	36	15	7	14
Dallas	950	728	30%	391	294	33%	242	217	12%	317	217	46%	35	15	8	12
Denver	360	300	20%	136	108	26%	133	124	7%	91	68	34%	15	4	7	4
Detroit	399	575	-31%	122	134	-9%	151	211	-28%	126	230	-45%	13	2	4	7
El Paso	80	96	-17%	38	38	0%	25	21	19%	17	37	-54%	4	1	2	1
Houston	405	487	-17%	190	230	-17%	91	125	-27%	124	132	-6%	19	7	5	7
Los Angeles	1,104	914	21%	625	494	27%	303	212	43%	176	208	-15%	58	27	15	16
Miami	824	859	-4%	438	371	18%	241	247	-2%	145	241	-40%	41	26	9	6
New Orleans	369	458	-19%	111	163	-32%	116	133	-13%	142	162	-12%	10	1	6	3
New York City	514	609	-16%	295	329	-10%	101	138	-27%	118	142	-17%	12	7	2	3
Newark	407	270	51%	165	82	101%	102	67	52%	140	121	16%	16	5	7	4
Philadelphia	341	367	-7%	116	135	-14%	95	114	-17%	130	118	10%	18	6	7	5
Phoenix	260	366	-29%	107	127	-16%	75	91	-18%	78	148	-47%	12	5	2	5
Salt Lake City	319	376	-15%	140	131	7%	100	131	-24%	79	114	-31%	16	9	3	4
San Antonio	329	404	-19%	166	162	2%	92	107	-14%	71	135	-47%	9	6	2	1
San Diego	391	450	-13%	120	142	-15%	112	107	5%	159	201	-21%	12	2	4	6
San Francisco	848	929	-9%	343	353	-3%	264	271	-3%	241	305	-21%	46	18	13	15
Seattle	566	313	81%	253	121	109%	167	84	99%	146	108	35%	17	12	4	1
St. Paul	431	334	29%	131	130	1%	206	138	49%	94	66	42%	19	1	9	9
Washington	228	352	-35%	108	127	-15%	79	130	-39%	41	95	-57%	9	5	3	1
Unassigned AOR	9	15	-40%	5	6	-17%	2	5	-60%	2	4	-50%	0	0	0	0

V. FOSC Activities

i. Criminal Lead Activity

CRIMINAL LEAD ACTIVITY (as of 04/06/2015)									
SC PRIORITY	TOTAL	FUGITIVE LEADS		REENTRY LEADS		AT LARGE LEADS		NEW LEADS (disseminated between 03/30/15 - 04/05/15)	
		Count	Portion	Count	Portion	Count	Portion	Count	Portion
SC Priority 1	1299	52	34.44%	588	49.04%	659	56.47%	49	54.44%
SC Priority 2	437	35	23.18%	166	13.84%	236	20.22%	12	13.33%
SC Priority 3	781	64	42.38%	445	37.11%	272	23.31%	29	32.22%
TOTAL	2517	151		1199		1167		90	

ii. Other FOSC Support

Information Request Activity (10/1/14 - 04/05/15)	
FIELD GENERATED	1,969,622
FOSC GENERATED	280,011
TOTAL	2,249,633

VI. Population Count by Priority and Mandatory Detention Status

Civil Enforcement Priority Level	Mandatory	Non-Mandatory	Total	Mandatory %	Non-Mandatory %	Total %
1.1 ICE Threat Level 1	7,509	1,161	8,670	29%	4%	33%
1.2 ICE Threat Level 2	2,414	1,389	3,803	9%	5%	15%
1.3 ICE Threat Level 3	2,065	1,241	3,306	8%	5%	13%
1.4 Other: INA Mandatory	126	0	126	0%	0%	0%
1.5 Other: Risk to Public Safety	59	89	148	0%	0%	1%
2.1 Recent Illegal Entrants (CBP)	8,258	887	9,145	32%	3%	35%
2.2 Recent Illegal Entrants (Other)	0	0	0	0%	0%	0%
2.3 Visa and Visa Waiver Program Abuse	16	0	16	0%	0%	0%
3.1 Fugitive Aliens	35	2	37	0%	0%	0%
3.2 Previously Removed Aliens	148	0	148	1%	0%	1%
3.3 Visa, Identification, or Benefit Fraud	5	2	7	0%	0%	0%
4 Other	125	422	547	0%	2%	2%
Grand Total	20,760	5,193	25,953	80%	20%	100%

Footnotes

I. Year to Date ERO Snapshot Summary of Convicted Criminal Arrest Comparisons

FY2015 YTD data are updated through 04/04/2015 (IIDS v1.16 run date 04/06/2015; EID as of 04/04/2015).

FY2014 represents FY2014 year-end historical data run on 10/06/2014 with data filtered through 04/04/2014 for comparison purposes.

Starting in FY2013, ERO Arrests include all ERO Programs. ERO Programs includes Detention and Deportation (DDP), Fugitive Operations (FUG), Alternatives to Detention (ATD), Criminal Alien Program (CAP), Detained Docket Control (DDC), Non-Detained Docket Control (NDD), Violent Criminal Alien Section (VCS), Joint Criminal Alien Response Team (JCT), Juvenile (JUV), Law Enforcement Area Response (LEA), and 287 (g).

Starting in October 2010, ICE Threat Levels were implemented to fall in line with Director Morton's Civil Enforcement Priorities. For FY2013 through FY2015, ICE Threat Level is based on convictions for an individual up until the time of the removal.

The ICE Threat Levels reflect the priorities outlined in Director Morton's June 2010 Memorandum entitled ICE Civil Immigration Enforcement Priorities effective October 1, 2010. Since FY 2011, ICE has defined criminality as whether or not an alien has an ICE Threat Level (convicted criminal) or not (non-criminal immigration violator). For purposes of prioritizing the removal of aliens convicted of crimes, ICE personnel refer to the following offense levels: Level 1, Level 2, and Level 3 offenders. Level 1 offenders are those aliens convicted of "aggravated felonies," as defined in § 101(a)(43) of the Immigration and Nationality Act, or two (2) or more crimes each punishable by more than 1 year, commonly referred to as "felonies." Level 2 offenders are aliens convicted of any other felony or three (3) or more crimes each punishable by less than 1 year, commonly referred to as "misdemeanors." Level 3 offenders are aliens convicted of "misdemeanor" crime(s) punishable by less than 1 year. Prior to FY 2011, ICE used SC levels 1, 2, and 3 for prioritization purposes.

II. Year to Date ERO Snapshot Summary of Convicted Criminal Removal Comparisons

FY2015 YTD data are updated through 04/04/2015 (IIDS v1.16 run date 04/06/2015; EID as of 04/04/2015).

FY2014 represents FY2014 year-end historical data run on 10/06/2014 with data filtered through 04/04/2014 for comparison purposes.

For FY2013 through FY2015, ICE Threat Level is based on convictions for an individual up until the time of the removal.

Starting in FY2009, ICE began to "lock" removal statistics on October 5th at the end of each fiscal year and counted only the aliens whose removal or return was already confirmed. Aliens removed or returned in that fiscal year but not confirmed until after October 5th were excluded from the locked data and thus from ICE statistics. To ensure an accurate and complete representation of all removals and returns, ICE will include the removals and returns confirmed after October 5th into the next fiscal year. The number of removals in FY2009, excluding the "lag" from FY2008, was 387,790. The number of removals in FY2010, excluding the "lag" from FY2009, was 373,440. This number does not include 76,732 expedited removal cases which ICE closed on behalf of CBP in FY2010. Of those 76,732, 33,900 cases resulted from a joint CBP/ICE operation in Arizona. ICE spent \$1,155,260 on those 33,900 cases. The number of removals in FY2011, excluding the "lag" from FY2010, was 385,145. The number of removals in FY2012, excluding the "lag" from FY2011, was 402,919. The number of removals in FY2013, excluding the "lag" from FY2012, was 363,144. The number of removals in FY2014, excluding the "lag" from FY2013, was 311,111.

The ICE Threat Levels reflect the priorities outlined in Director Morton's June 2010 Memorandum entitled ICE Civil Immigration Enforcement Priorities effective October 1, 2010. Since FY 2011, ICE has defined criminality as whether or not an alien has an ICE Threat Level (convicted criminal) or not (non-criminal immigration violator). For purposes of prioritizing the removal of aliens convicted of crimes, ICE personnel refer to the following offense levels: Level 1, Level 2, and Level 3 offenders. Level 1 offenders are those aliens convicted of "aggravated felonies," as defined in § 101(a)(43) of the Immigration and Nationality Act, or two (2) or more crimes each punishable by more than 1 year, commonly referred to as "felonies." Level 2 offenders are aliens convicted of any other felony or three (3) or more crimes each punishable by less than 1 year, commonly referred to as "misdemeanors." Level 3 offenders are aliens convicted of "misdemeanor" crime(s) punishable by less than 1 year. Prior to FY 2011, ICE used SC levels 1, 2, and 3 for prioritization purposes.

Starting in October 2010, ICE Threat Levels were implemented to fall in line with Director Morton's Civil Enforcement Priorities. For FY2013 through FY2015, ICE Threat Level is based on convictions for an individual up until the time of the removal.

FY Data Lag/Case Closure Lag is defined as the physical removal of an alien occurring in a given month; however, the case is not closed in EARM until a subsequent FY after the data is locked. Since the data from the previous FY is locked, the removal is recorded in the month the case was closed and reported in the next FY Removals. This will result in a higher number of recorded removals in an FY than actual departures.

Removals include Returns. Returns include Voluntary Returns, Voluntary Departures and Withdrawals under Docket Control.

ICE programs account for all of those under ERO and HSI, CBP includes Border Patrol and all Inspection types (Air, Land, Sea), Other entails all other programs neither under ICE nor CBP.

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III. Point in Time Comparison

FY2014 YTD data are updated through 04/05/2014 (IIDS v1.16 run date 04/07/2014 ; EID as of 04/05/2014).

IV. Breakdown of Convicted Criminal At Large Arrests

See all footnotes from Section I.

Arrests reported in the Street Arrest comparison are reported by an Arrest Method of Located, Non-Custodial Arrest, and Probation and Parole.

Convicted Criminal At Large Arrest FY14 to FY15 comparison data is filtered for time period 10/01/2013 - 04/04/2014 and 10/01/2014 - 04/21/2015 respectively.

The Arrest AOR is related to the Current Program of the Officer who created the apprehension record. The Current Duty Site of the Officer, who is creating the arrest record, can sometimes not be linked to an actual AOR. This is a data quality issue. Therefore, some arrest records will not have an AOR assigned.

FOSC data are excluded from these results.